

OLLI Climate Change 2025 - Jan 28

This weeks main topics:

Nuclear

Heat Pumps

Biofuels

Carbon Storage

Last week

Moss landing battery facility fire. Local concerns about toxic air pollution have triggered a citizen testing program.

Hopefully the problems will be honestly addressed and prevented in the future.

WE NEED BATTERIES.

[Detailed report](#) click Jan 28 packet

[Link to Lookout Article](#)



Other recent news

Giant Antarctic Iceberg



Giant iceberg on crash course with island - penguins and seals in danger

© Getty Images



Giant iceberg on crash course with island - penguins and seals in danger
© Getty Images

A23a is heading for S. Georgia island - size is between Delaware and Rhode island.

Great recent novel “The Fragment” by Craig Russell featured an even bigger berg and a climate denier US president.

Slowing Down Wind Energy?

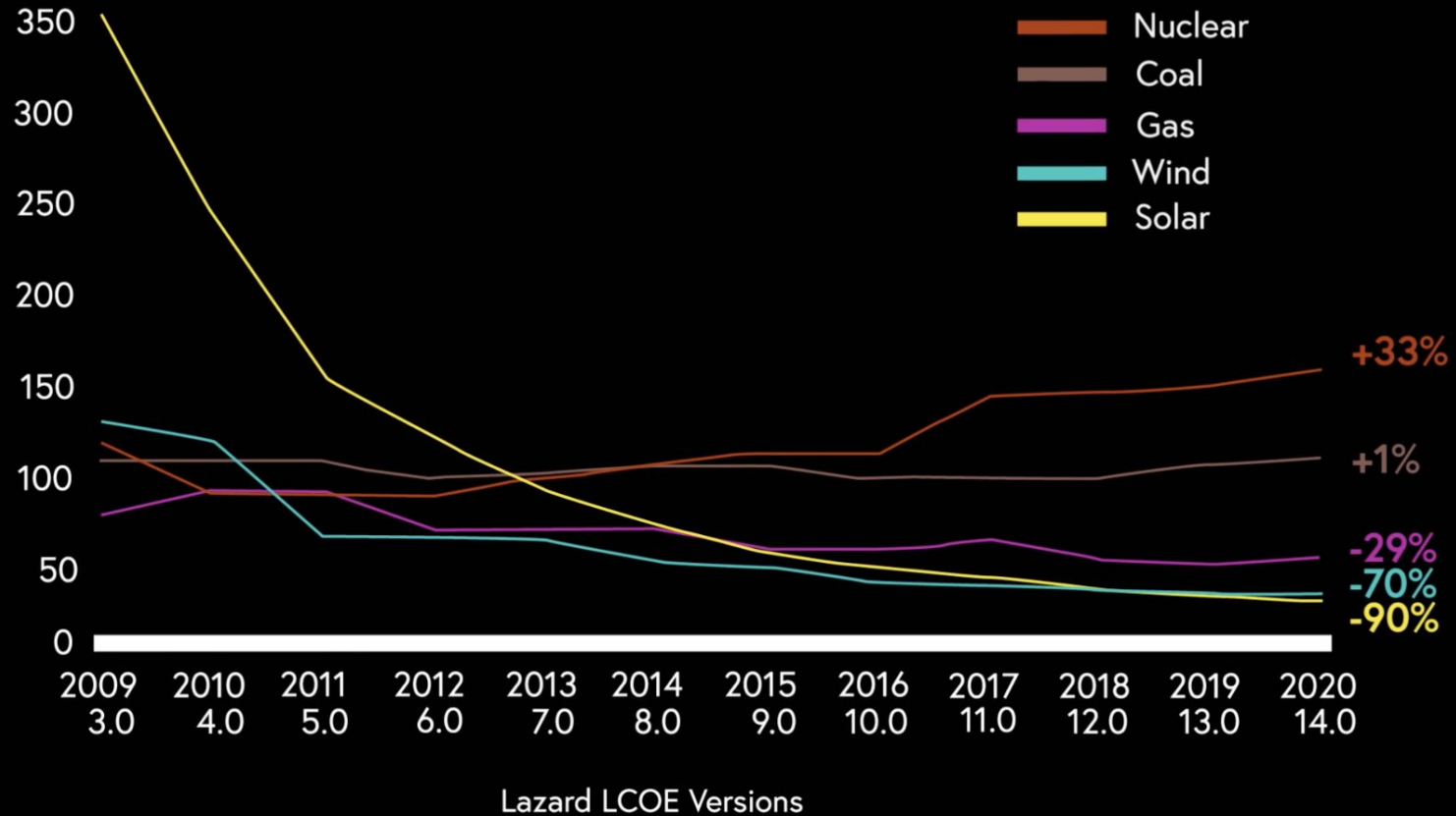
Wind is now so much cleaner,
safer and CHEAPER than fossil
fuels that it makes no sense to
curtail it - even if you deny
climate change!

Let's hope sanity prevails!



Selected Historical Mean Costs by Technology

LCOE values in US\$/MWh



Wind Energy needs materials BUT

Did You Know?



The United States already has the recycling capacity to cost-effectively and sustainably recycle over 90% of projected wind turbine waste by 2050, meaning that 90% of the mass of (current and future projected) wind turbine materials that have reached the end of their useful lives can be transformed into value-added products. [Learn more.](#)

Nuclear Energy a Climate Solution?

Jan 6 2025 [SC CAN presentation](#)

Includes presentations from 2 local experts and

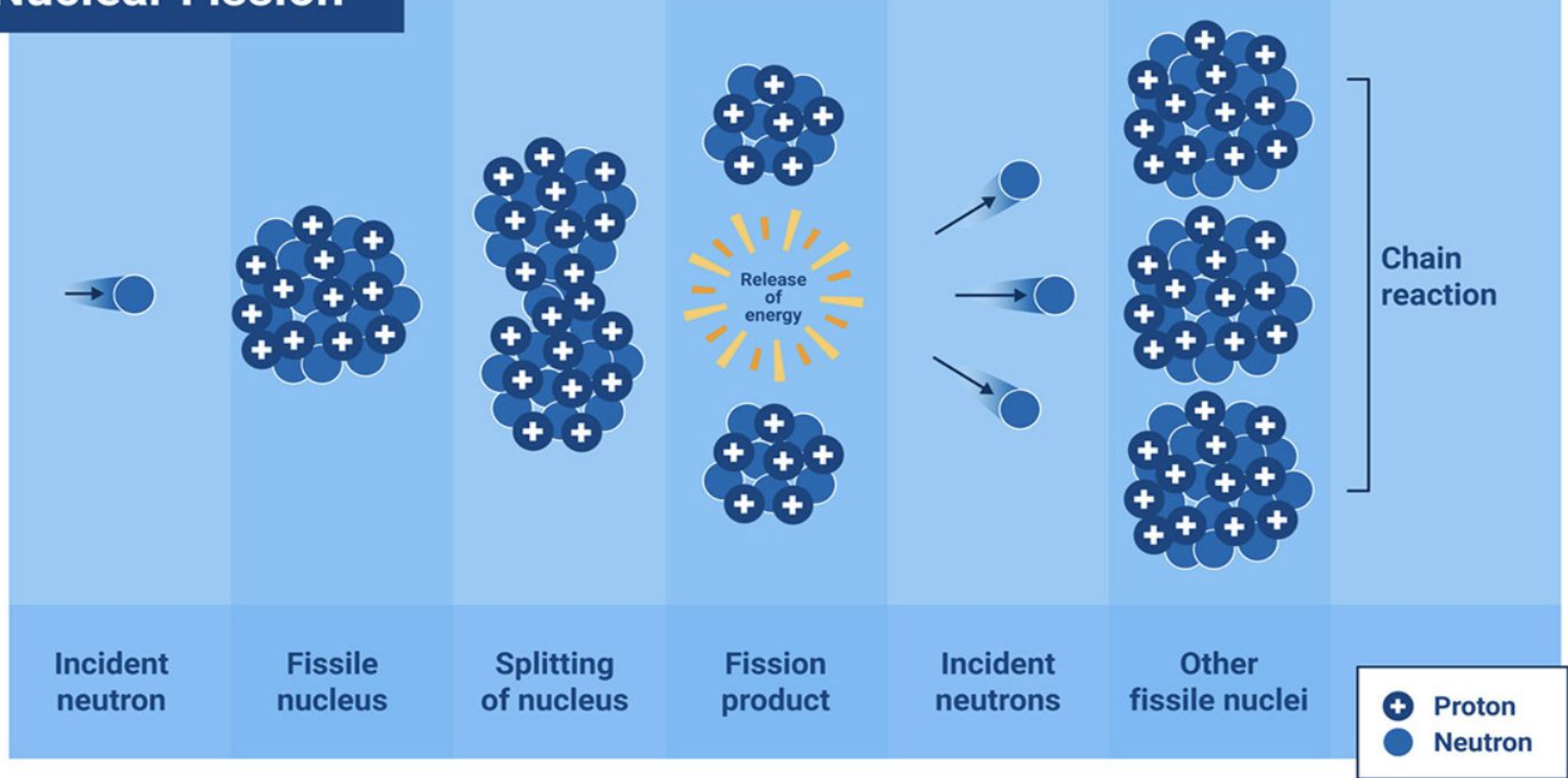
Movie – **Atomic Bamboozle** – vimeo (\$4.99) –
free viewing for [UCSC at McHenry Library](#)

Comparison between Nuclear power and atomic bombs

Both currently use FISSION of Uranium235 in a chain reaction

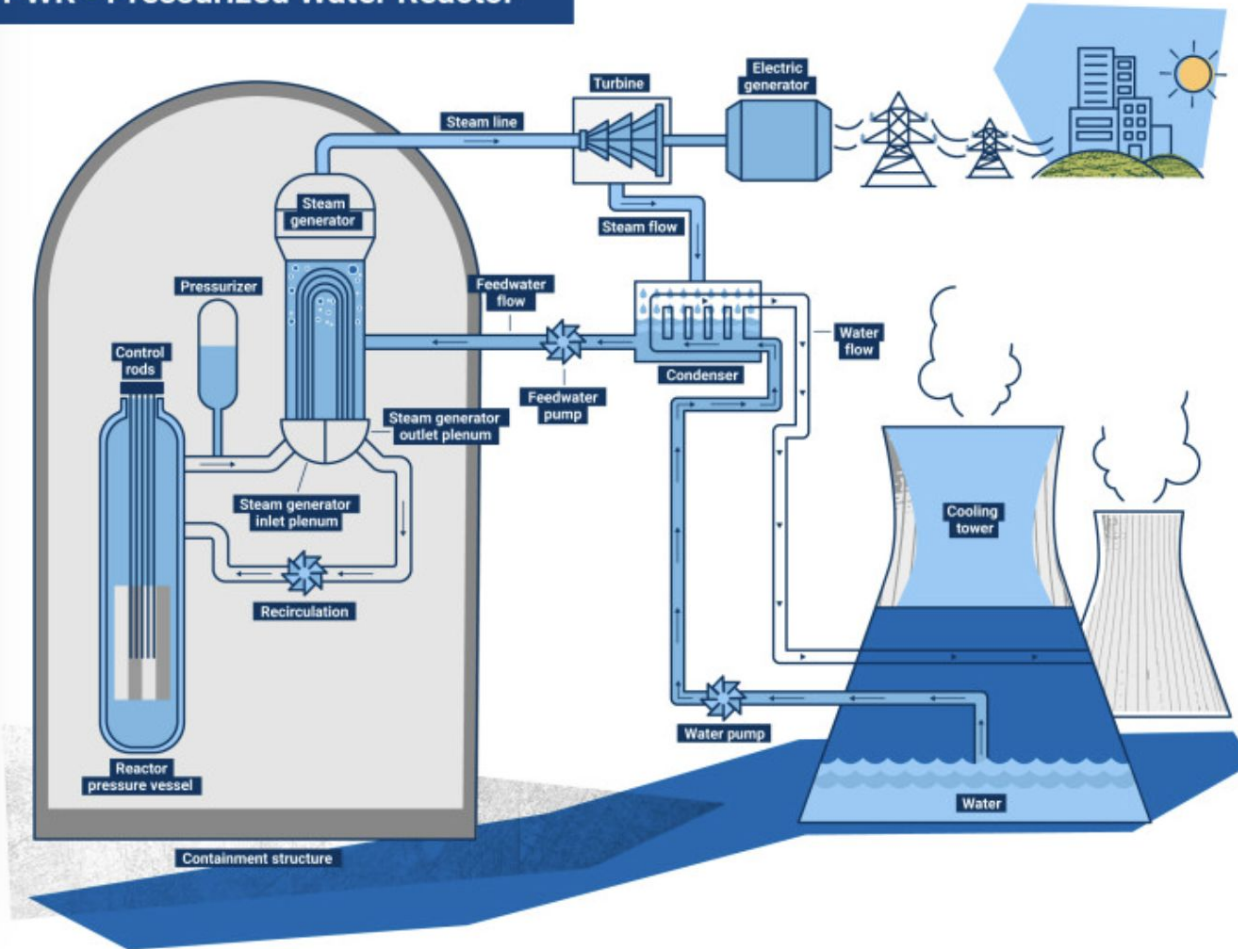
Energy	Bombs
4% U 235	90% U 235
Engineered to continue very SLOWLY	Engineered to be as rapid as possible

Nuclear Fission



Nuclear fission (Graphic: A. Vargas/IAEA)

PWR - Pressurized Water Reactor



Richard Nolthenius. Cabrillo College

Nuclear Update

Molten salt thorium breeder reactors - major advantages,

The mis-represented costs of nuclear power

Comparisons of the material/land impact of solar/wind vs.

PWR nuclear and MSR nuclear

Thorium vs. Uranium

- U^{235} supplies will exhaust with current designs in a matter of ~century, but with breeders, using Thorium could last for well over 1000 years at current power needs (Shu 2011).
- There's enough thorium lying around already in mine tailings to power the globe for the rest of the century or more.
- Uranium reactors require large starter of U^{235} for fast neutrons for fissioning other nuclei. U^{235} is only 0.7% of natural uranium.
- **But Thorium is 400x more abundant than U^{235}**

MSTR: Molten Salt Thorium Breeder Reactors – The Solution?

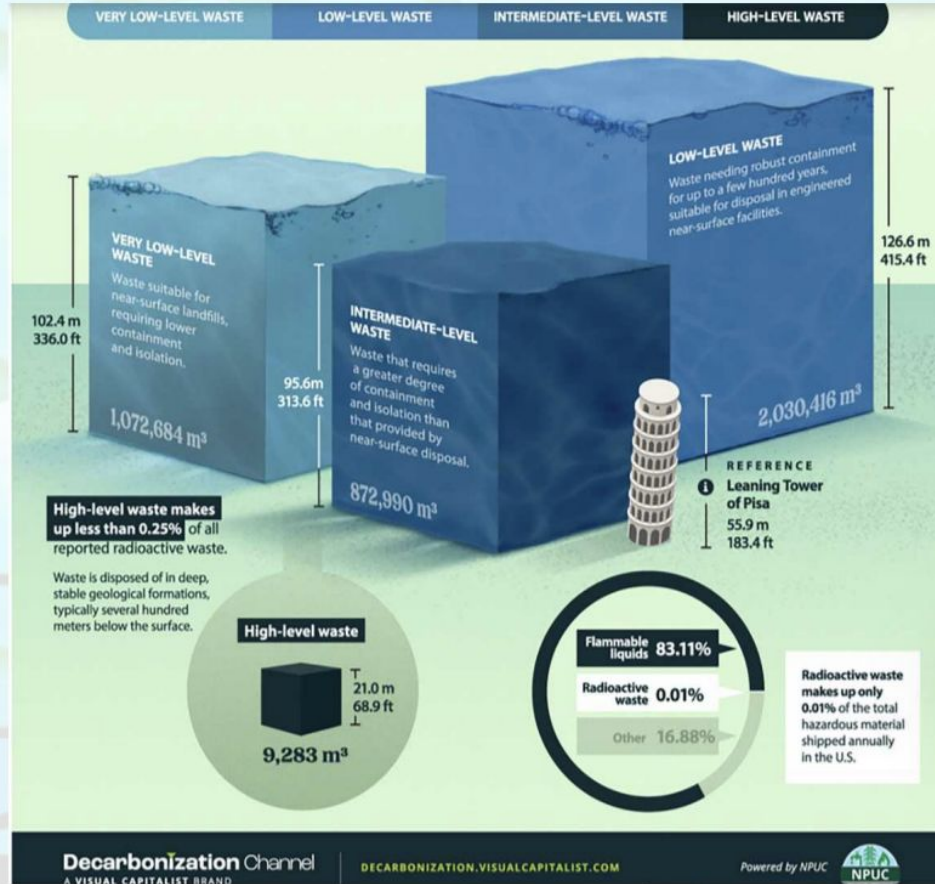
- **Breeder reactors convert long-lived radioactive waste products into power and into short-lived radioactive waste** – requiring storage for ~several centuries, rather than tens of thousands of years as with conventional reactors.
- The volume of the end produce short-lived radioactive wastes is less than 1/10 that of conventional PWR spent fuel
- They produce nuclear fuel as they run, and so are also extremely fuel-efficient.
- Capital costs are only ~25% higher than for conventional PWR reactors.
- With the abundance of Uranium, Thorium breeders were not thought economical, however with the worries about radioactive waste storage and uranium not abundant enough to completely power the world, they are now more interesting.

Advantages of Molten Salt Thorium Breeder Design

- Cannot explode. Impossible.
- No pressurized container needed since operates at standard atmospheric pressure. Fluoride salts have melting points in the 700C range which gives good Carnot energy efficiency.
- PWR's must get high efficiency by using water with a boiling temperature much higher than the standard atmospheric pressure's boil=100 C. Only achievable by high pressure, hence the massive concrete re-bar'd domes you see.
- Material needs for MSTR's therefore much lower
- New designs of MSTR's have much better resistance to neutron damage than current PWR's, but even PWR's are designed to last ~50-60 years.

But Rick! What About...

- **The huge amount of nuclear waste that power plants produce!** In fact, nuclear power supplies 20% of all U.S. Electricity today. The total volume of spent fuel over an entire year... would barely fill a backyard swimming pool ([U.S. govt energy](https://www.energy.gov/eere/energy-factsheets/nuclear-waste)).
- Total of all nuclear waste globally over history, is still tiny compared to the mine tailings needed to make solar and wind installations. Much of that is from nuclear medicine as well. And we don't recycle our nuclear fuel. We should, like France does.



Land: Nuclear Wins Dramatically

- The value and cost of land is almost never explicitly considered by the anti-nuclear people. Wilderness is valued as worthless economically. Yet in a world where un-trampled nature is disappearing fast, including due to climate change... consider the land needed for equivalent power generation (2.2 billion watts electricity, or 2.2GWe): 67 min into this talk
- Nuclear: 750 acres (most is left wilderness surroundings); consider Diablo Canyon, whose power plant sits on only 12 acres.
- **Solar PV: 100,000 acres (more if include storage)**
- **Wind: 400,000 acres (more if include storage)**
- To summarize with images...

India is building
SOLAR CANALS
to produce energy while
slowing water loss



**Solar panels covering
canals.**

**This is surface area put
to good use, cutting
evaporation as well.**

I'm Out of Time...

- I fear that none of these points will change anti-nuke minds
- Speaking of which – FEAR. That is what I believe lies behind this pessimistic reality
- Radioactivity is invisible, and the physics feels complicated and tech'y and scary to too many people.
- I will leave you with images of Hiroshima and Nagasaki. Remember that : **80% of the residual radiation was gone just 24 hrs after the bomb drops. And nuclear weapons are far more radiatively potent than nuclear power.**
- Stephen Williams will now lay out some numbers and points to shrink the issue of radioactivity into proper scale.

Hiroshima – Has long been a thriving City



Stephen Williams - [Repackaging Nuclear Power?](#)

- **critical review of Atomic Bamboozle video**

Review SMR designs focusing on new ones

- simpler to run and candidates for mass production.

Debunking other points from Bamboozle including

Costs, Accidents, Proliferation, Waste

[Good reference](#)

Today's SMRs Are a New Generation of Reactors

- Reactors are grouped in four categories:
 - Gen I - Earliest, most basic designs for public use (1950s)
 - Gen II - Began to be deployed in late 1960s, improved on Gen I designs; almost all reactors in U.S. are Gen II LWR*s
 - Gen III - Numerous improvements on Gen II designs, including safety
 - Gen IV - Simplifies reactor designs, making them even safer and enabling production of high heat for doing work
- Today's SMRs are all Gen III and Gen IV technologies, which are, by definition, "advanced" reactors that are *significantly different* from Gen II LWRs

*Light Water Reactor

Stephen's presentation in full

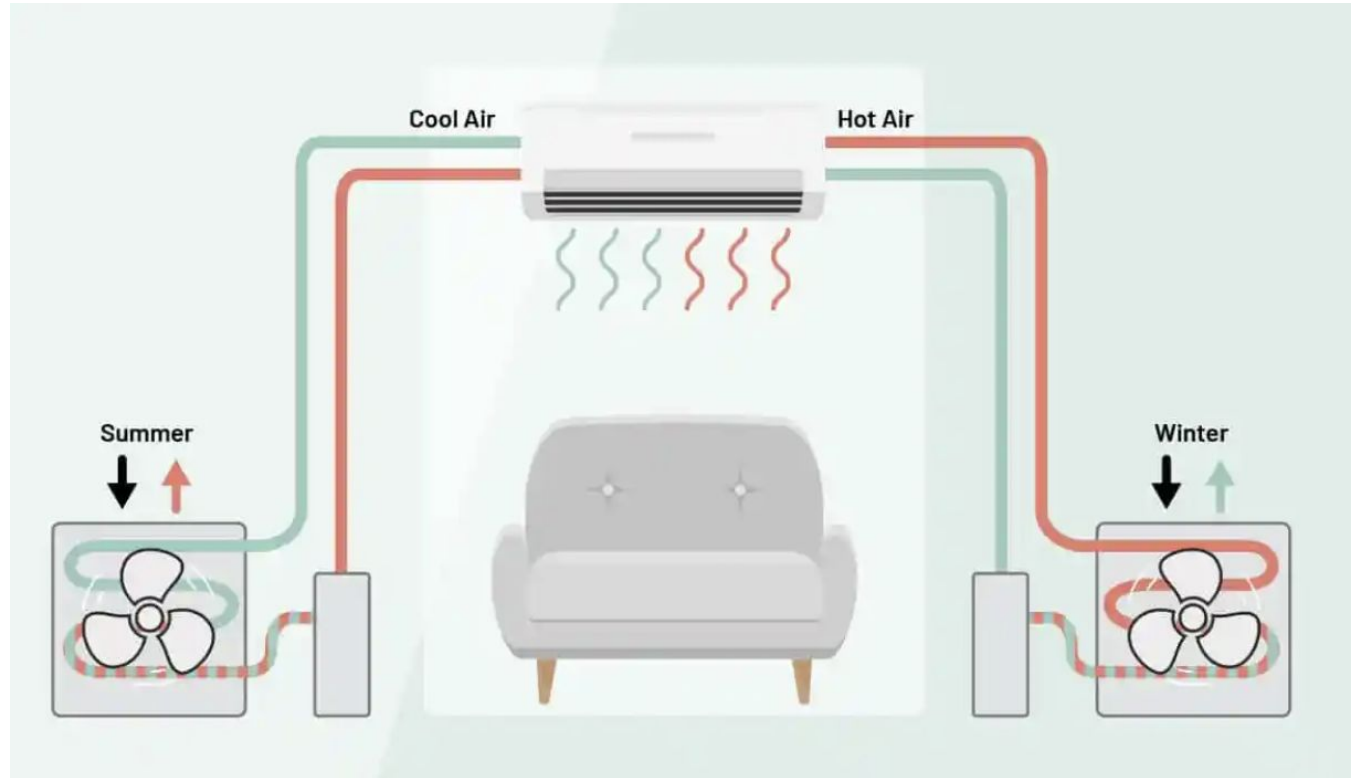
Display	7,8,9
	14,15,16
	19
	23
	26
	29



Wind and Solar provide
clean Energy and heat
pumps are super efficient
for heating and cooling

Home Electrification - Heat Pumps

Heat pumps need very little power because they only **MOVE** heat - they don't generate it. Water heaters are a good place to start.



Heat Pumps - home and water heating

The Switch is On <https://switchison.org/>

Great CA website with links to local installers and rebates.

Since water heaters typically last 10-15 years, cities are working to get people to replace their older water heaters with heat pumps now.

Heat pump systems will save hugely on bills as they need only about $\frac{1}{4}$ of the energy gas heaters use.





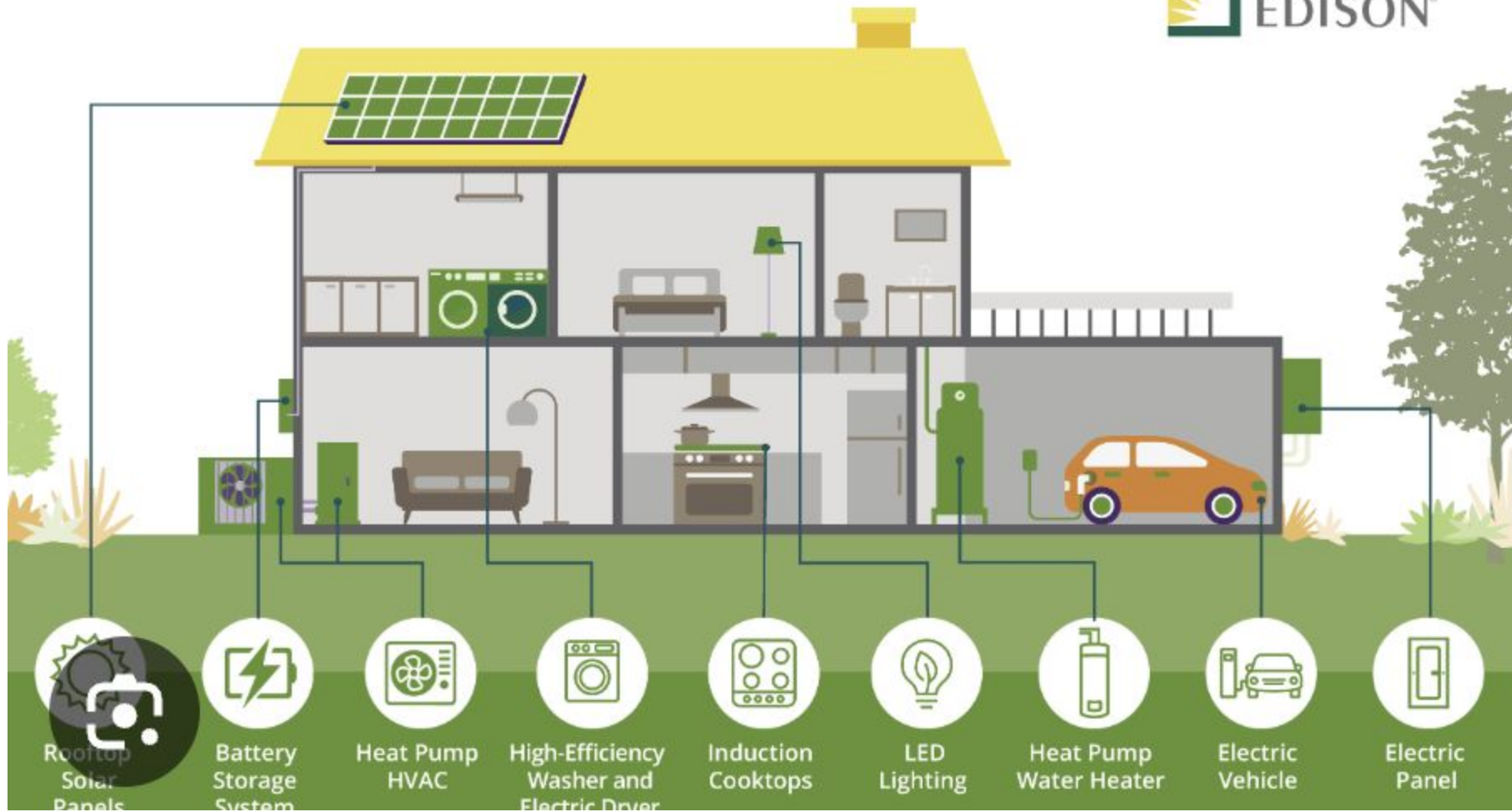
**Insulating & air sealing:
Heating system's job is easier.**

**Higher efficiency heat pump:
Heating up to daytime temperature
takes less electricity.**



Excellent rebates now available for Heat Pump systems

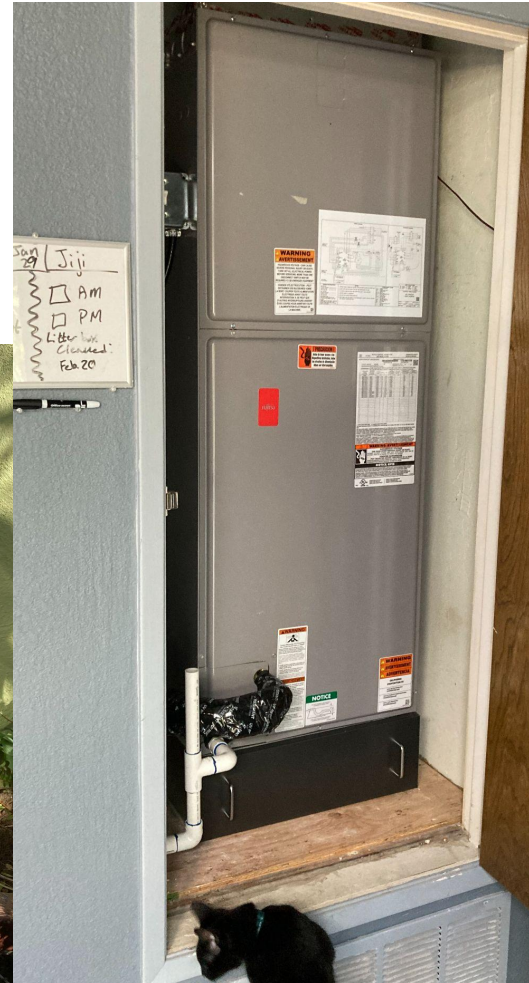
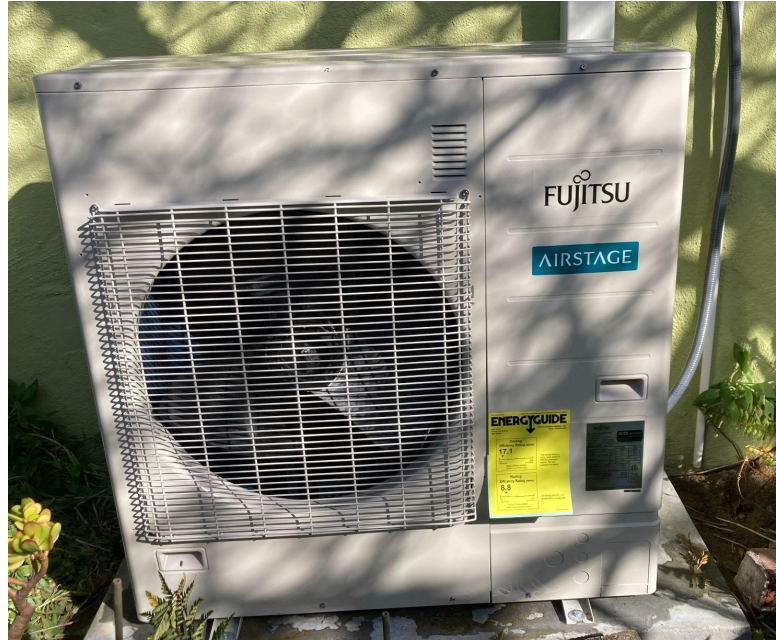
Future all electric house



Example of an Home Heating Pump

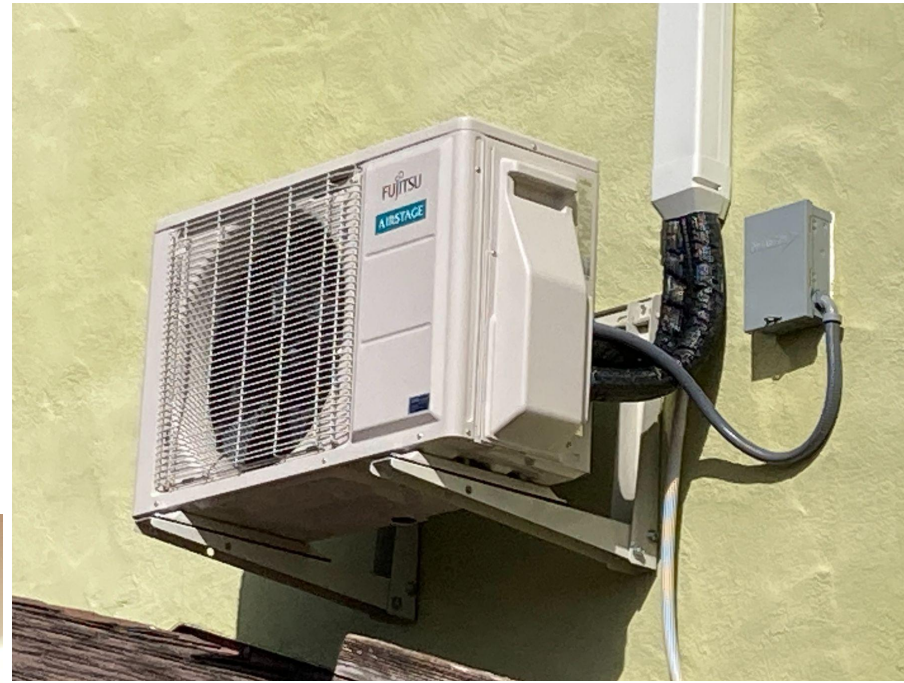
The downstairs house is 1300 sq ft, 3 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms

It previously had a gas furnace with ducting. It was still working but 23 yrs old. Now replaced with a heat pump.



Home heating pumps

For my upstairs 500 sq ft studio
a small heat pump works fine.



Non-ducted mini split on 2
sides of an outside wall

Types of Heat Pump Systems

Mini split - split because the condenser is outside and the heat detector/mover is on the inside.

For a modest house a **ducted mini split** system uses the old ducting from your gas furnace and places the inside fan unit where your furnace used to be. The condenser is outside. The connecting lines are narrow and pretty easy to install.

Types of Heat Pump Systems Cont.

For a studio with no ducts the two units are just on opposite sides of an outside wall - **non ducted mini split.**

For bigger buildings several units might be installed controlling different areas.

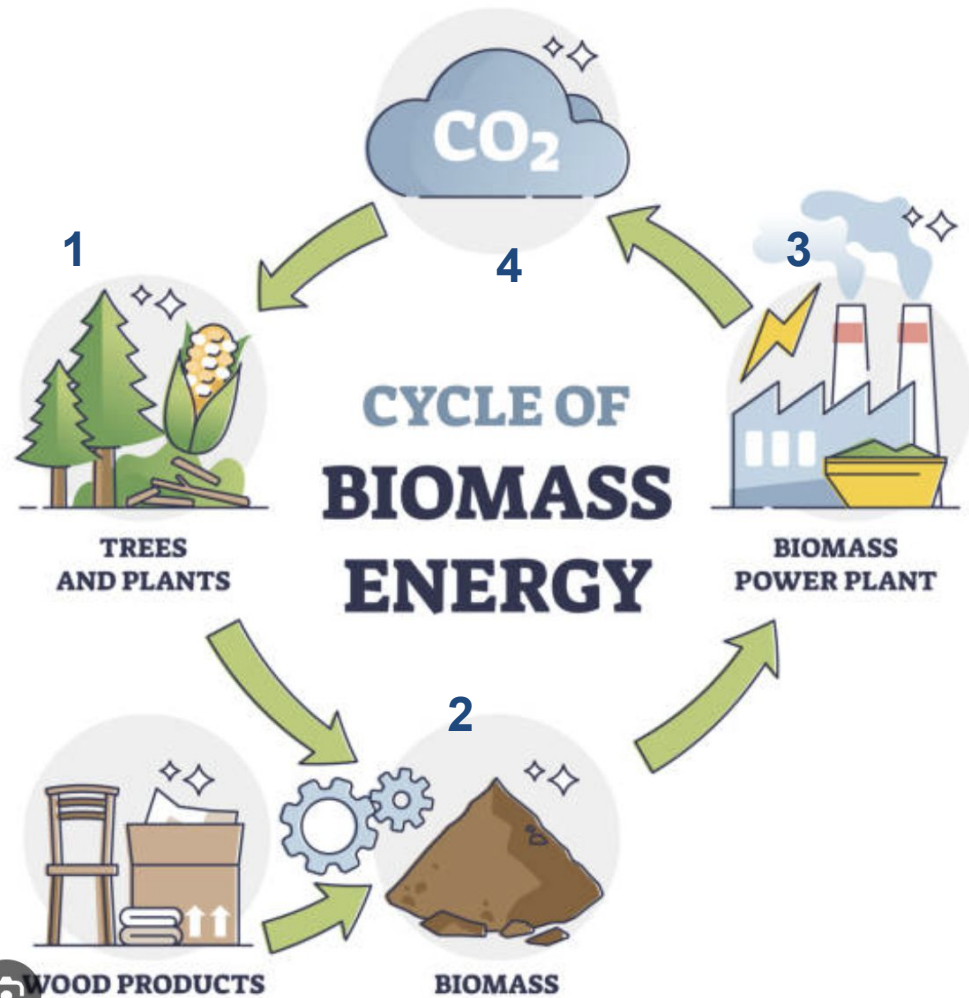
Biofuels

If plants could be harvested sustainably with
REGROWTH and
Transformed into fuel without creating pollution
that would be great!
BUT in many cases there are huge problems

Wood Pellet Proposals in Ca

GSNR plan includes cutting forests in Tuolumne and Lassen counties, setting up a shipping facility in Stockton and selling the pellets to the UK. All these Ca sites will suffer from air pollution and when burnt the pellets are worse than coal!

[Wood Pellet problem article](#)

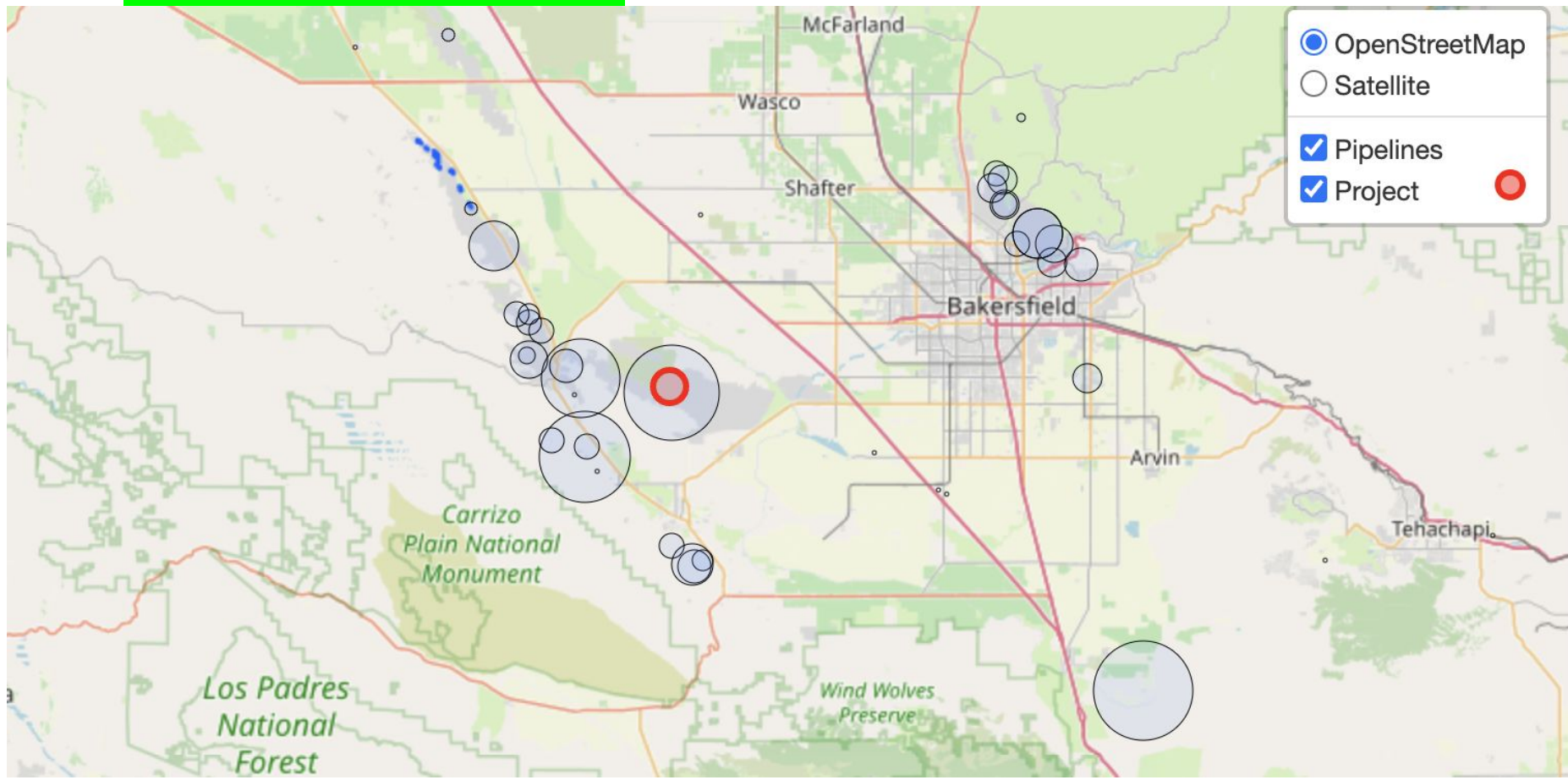


1. Replanting not shown and trees need 20-50 years to mature
2. Logging causes environmental damage and release of CO₂.
3. Polluting energy is used.
4. Power plant produces lots of pollution including cancerous PM2.5 and other gases.
5. Not much of the CO₂ will be absorbed by new trees

Carbon Capture and Storage CCS Problems - [link](#)

- At this point, **capture** technology is sadly inefficient.
- Currently, **oil refineries are planning CCS**. Even if they could capture the CO₂ at the facility, much **more is released when the fuel is used**.
- Underground **storage** in CA oil areas seems fraught with **danger of poisonous leakage** from corroded pipes.
 - Abandoned wells are prone to leak.
 - Past and future earthquakes increase the problems.

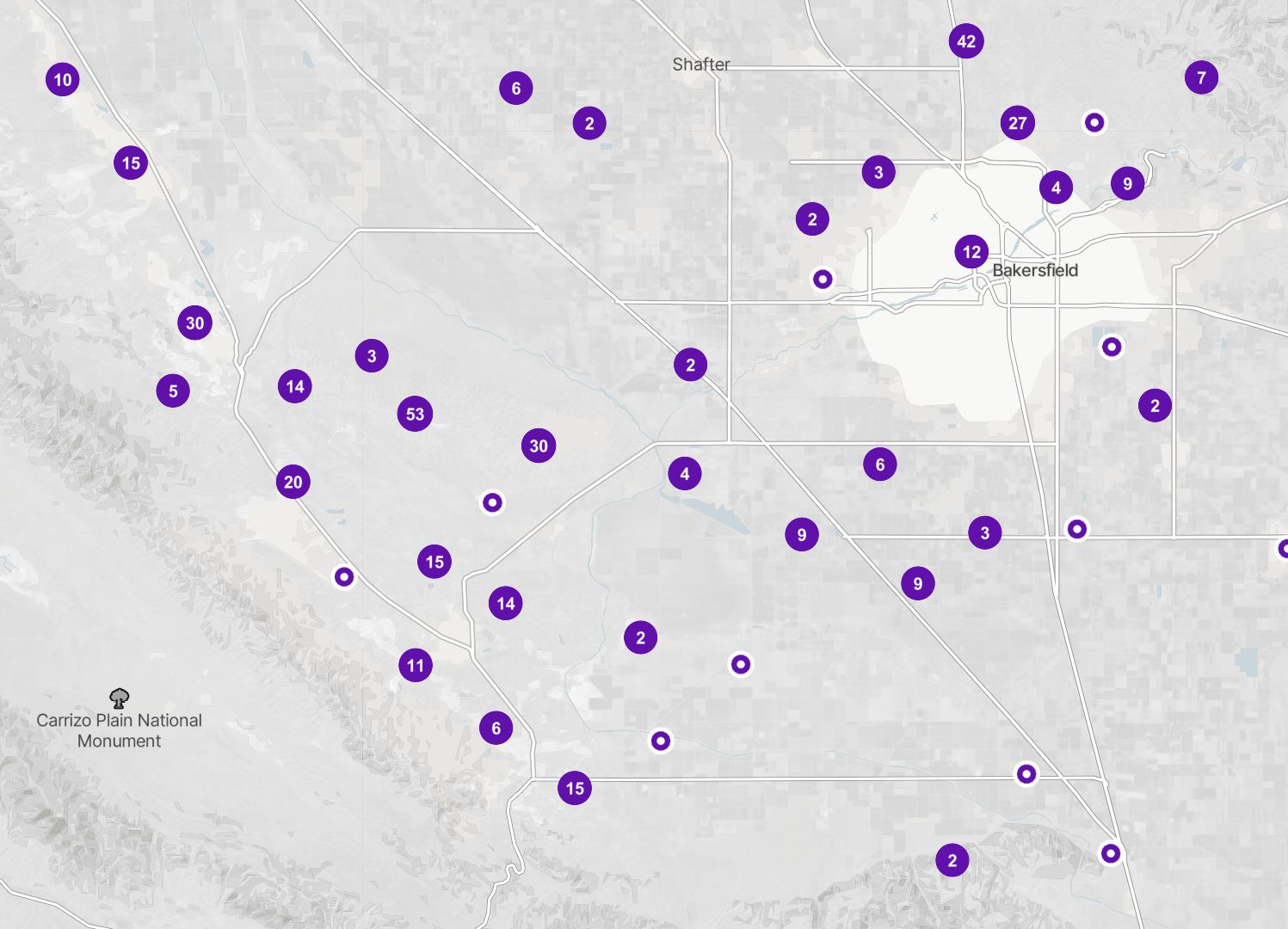
Terra Vault site



Kern County Statement - LIE

A major milestone has been achieved in California's efforts to combat climate change. The [Kern County Board of Supervisors](#) has unanimously granted conditional approval for the Carbon TerraVault I (CTV I) carbon capture and storage project, a groundbreaking initiative spearheaded by California Resources Corporation (CRC).

As the state's first carbon capture and storage project, [CTV I](#) will play a pivotal role in reducing greenhouse gas emissions and mitigating the impacts of climate change.



Same
area on
carbon
mapper



Ruptured CO₂
pipeline 2020
in Sartoria
Mississippi
45 people were
hospitalized.
Vehicles were
disabled.
CO₂ corrodes
pipes.

[link](#)

Expert views from Bill McKibben

[Oct 24 Berkeley Lecture](#)

[Jan 26 review of Trump's 1st week](#)



What to reduce or avoid

Fly less

Eat less meat and dairy

Waste less food

Buy less new stuff

Drive MUCH less or drive electric

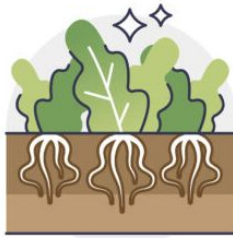




**KEEP SOIL
COVERED**



REGENERATIVE AGRICULTURE



**MAINTAIN LIVING
ROOT YEAR ROUND**



**MINIMIZE
SOIL DISTURBANCE**



**INTEGRATE
LIVESTOCK**



**MAXIMIZE CROP
DIVERSITY**

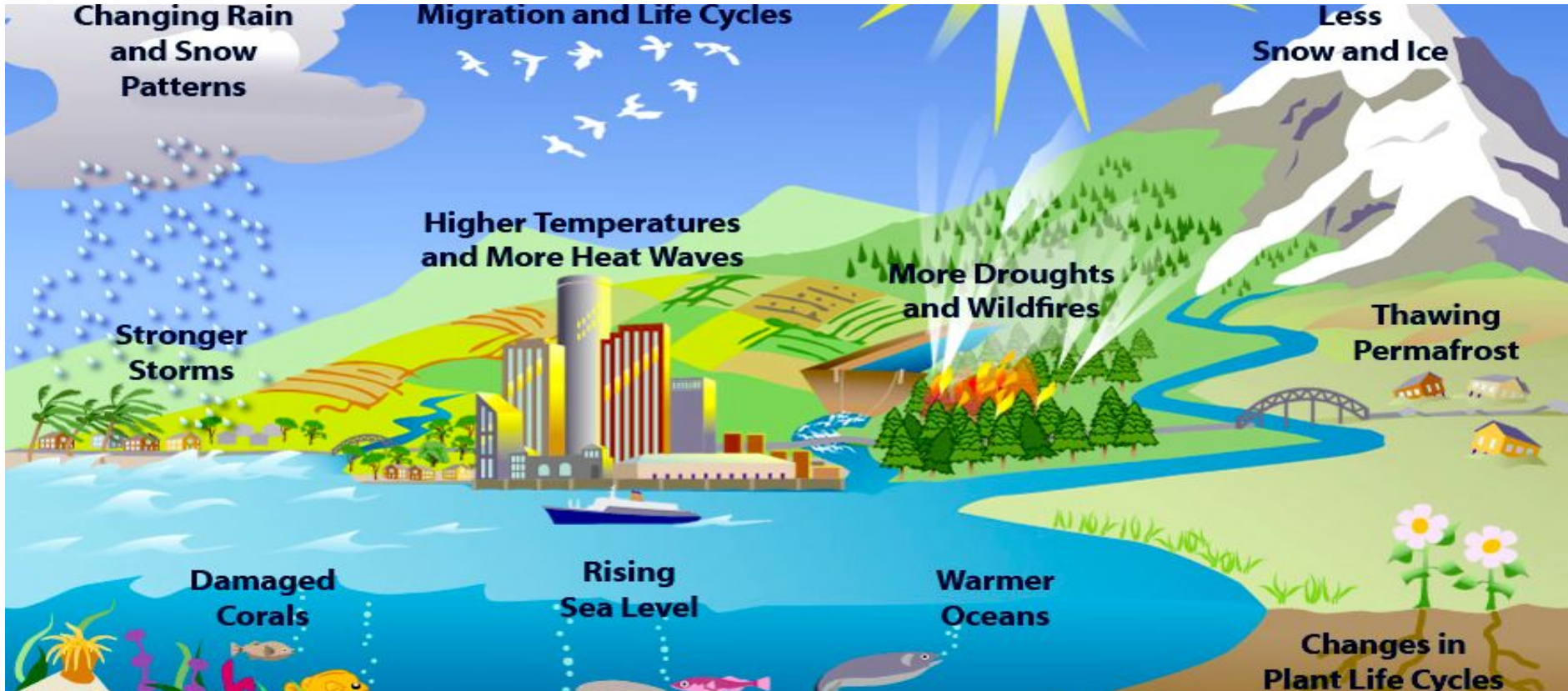
Regenerative Agriculture

goes beyond organic.

It includes cover crops,
reducing tilling, crop
rotation and livestock
integration.

Instead of releasing lots of
 CO_2 and NO_2 it actually
sequesters (absorbs)
carbon and uses less water
and fertilizers.

Climate Change has many effects



Sea Level Rise

Sea level rise is caused by both

- Expansion of the ocean as it warms

- Melting ice from glaciers and ice sheets

Flooding also caused by stronger storms
including bigger “storm surge”

All are the result of global warming!



Ice is melting everywhere and sea level is rising.
Alaska Range Bear Glacier

[Link to more comparisons](#)

[Illiusat vid](#)

**Ice loss
from these
is now 5X
faster than
in 2005**

Only two major sources of potential sea level rise (SLR)



**Greenland =
24 feet of SLR**

**Antarctica =
186 feet of SLR**





The world's largest iceberg, named A23a, in Antarctica on Sunday. (Rob Suisted/[naturespic.com](https://www.naturespic.com) via Reuters)

Warmer
ocean waters
around
Antarctica
are melting
the ice
sheets from
underneath
2023 photo

Santa Cruz, California, United States 

Which sea level will we lock in?

When will this happen?

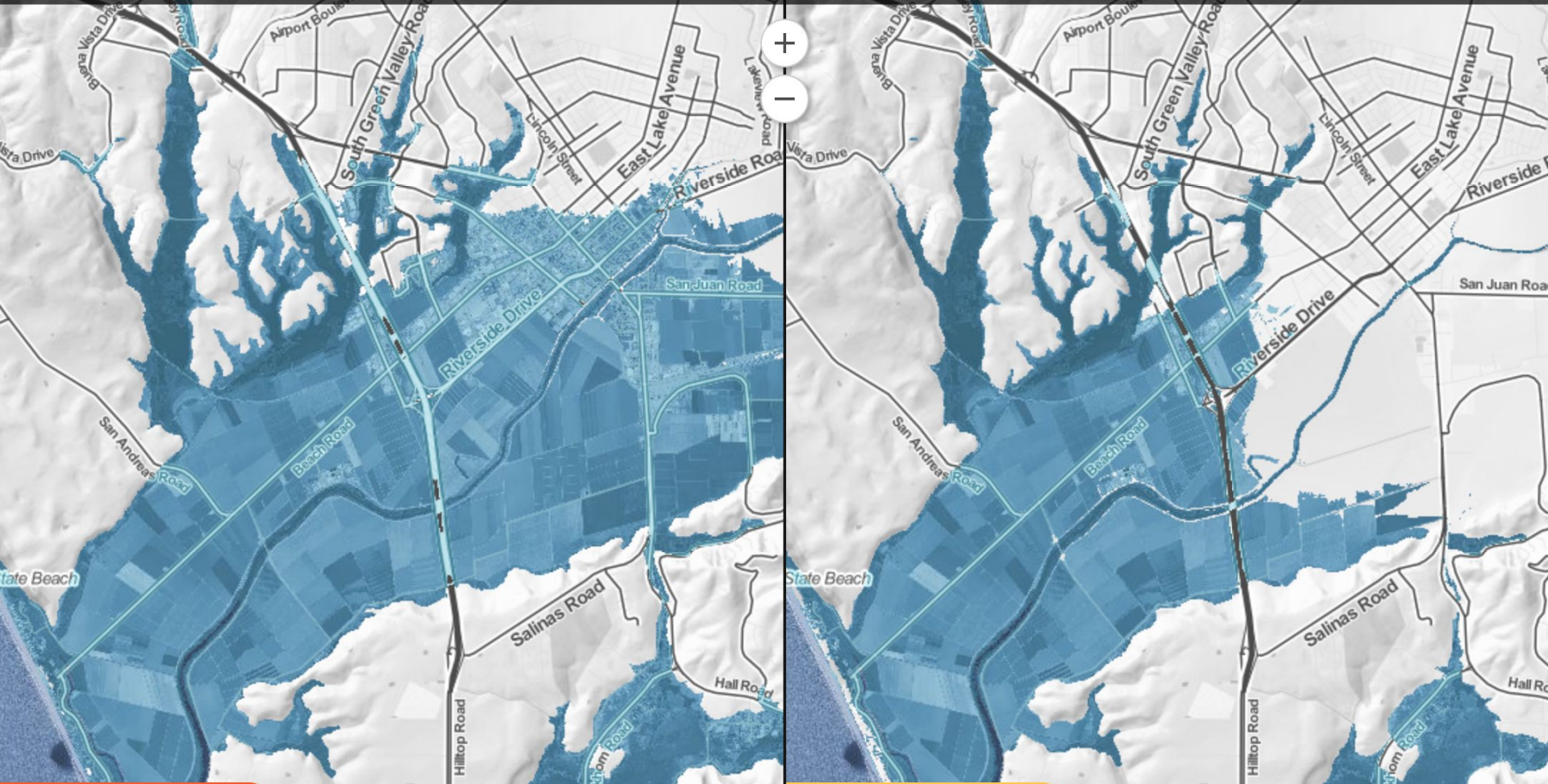


Watsonville, CA, USA



Which sea level will we lock in?

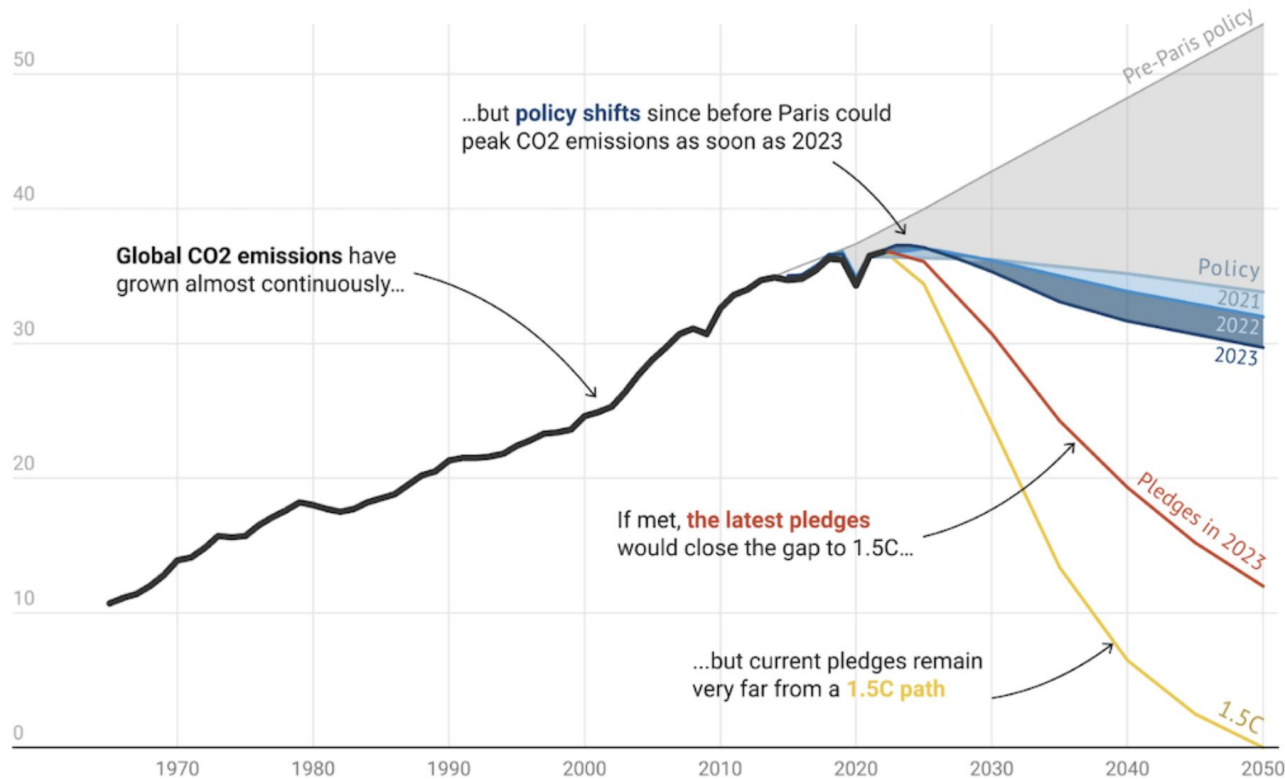
When will this happen?



How
can we
change
that
quickly?

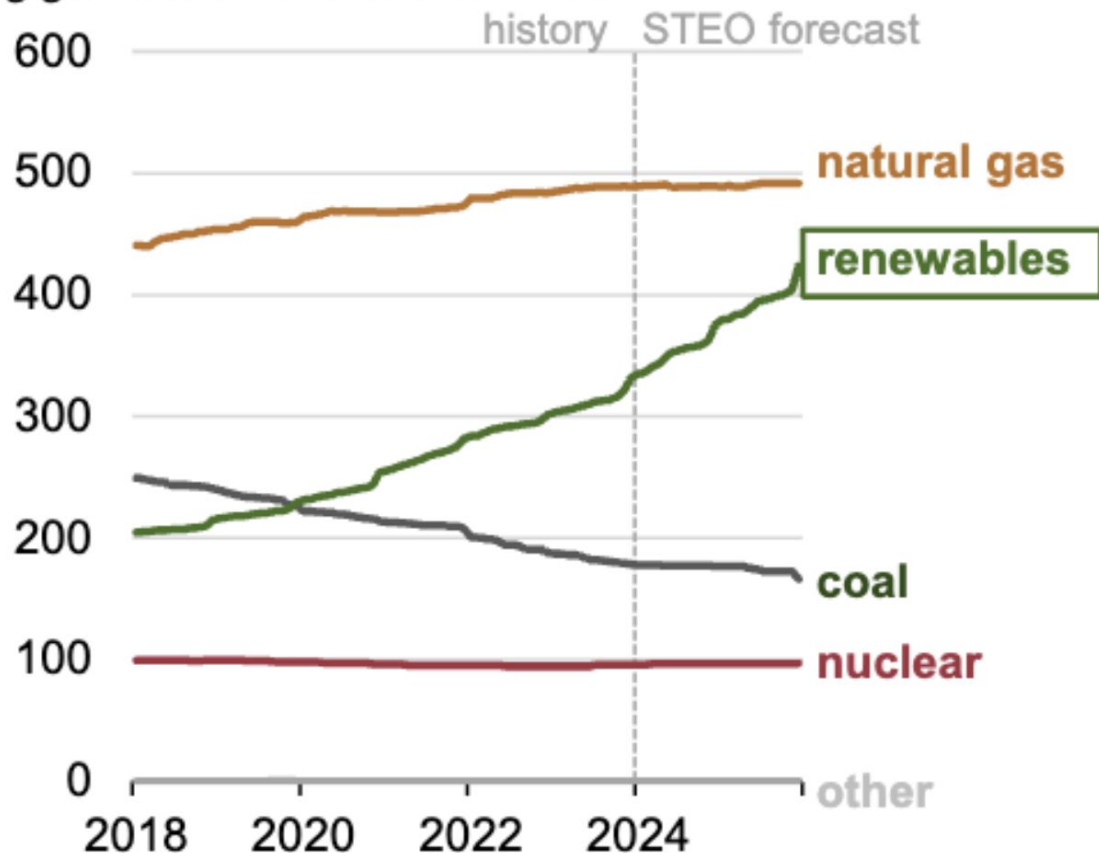
Global CO2 emissions could peak as soon as 2023, IEA reveals

Global energy-related CO2 emissions, billion tonnes



Source: IEA World Energy Outlooks

U.S. annual electric generating capacity (2018–2025) gigawatts at end of December



We ARE making progress but not nearly fast enough!

MUST cut natural gas quickly.

NO NEW LNG terminals!!



DRAWDOWN
THE MOST COMPREHENSIVE
PLAN EVER PROPOSED TO
REVERSE GLOBAL WARMING
EDITED BY PAUL HAWKEN

Detailed Carbon Reduction
program by Paul Hawken.
Includes detailed analysis of
80 different solutions



We need **URGENT** action by



ALL of US



Progress

Santa Cruz City and County of have Climate Action Plans.

Working on electrification and other innovations and Climate Plan updates - BUT TOO SLOWLY!!!!

There really is HOPE! But it's getting tougher!



NOW is Better
Than New
and
2028 is TOO
LATE!

For more details see <https://scruzclimate.org/>